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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/088,550		03/13/2002	Takashi Gojobori	033808-282106	6662
38327	7590	04/06/2005	EXAMINER		INER
REED SMI			LIN, JERRY		
3110 FAIRV FALLS CHU		RK DRIVE, SUITE /A 22042	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1631	
				DATE MAILED: 04/06/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/088,550	GOJOBORI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Jerry Lin	1631					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ja	nuary 2005.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 3,5-7,14,15 and 23 is/are pending in to 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 3,5-7,14,15, and 23 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dai 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	(PTO-413) te atent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

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Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 11, 2005 has been entered.

Status of the Claims

Claims 3, 5-7, 14, 15, and 23 are pending.

Claims 3, 5-7, 14, 15, and 23 are rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 3, 5-7, 14, 15 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims include the limitation "a database that memorizes." A database is commonly known as large collection of data organized for rapid search and retrieval. It is unclear how a large collection is to memorize the shapes of cells.

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Claims 14 and 15 contain the phrase "coordinating and displaying" at line 22. It is unclear what "coordinating" means. Coordinating may be interpreted to mean to merge images together or to organize the images separately.

Claims 14 and 15 also contain the phrase "gene map that causes the expression phenomenon." It is unclear whether it is the gene or the gene map that causes the expression phenomenon.

Claim 23 contains the phrase "cylindrical plane." It is unclear how a two dimensional concept like a plane is to have a three dimensional shape like a cylinder.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary.

Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of

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35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 3 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hartenstein et al. (*Trends in Genetics*, 1995), in view of Hochman (US 6,096,510).

Hartenstein et al. is applied as in the office action dated January 13, 2004. Please see that office action for the teachings of Hartenstein et al.

Applicant has amended claim 3 to include simulating a change in the shape of a cell or site of a living organism caused by external stimulation artificially incurred according to a planned experiment. Hartenstein et al.'s method does not include situations involving artificially incurred external stimulation according to a planned experiment.

In addition Hartenstein et al. does not teach displaying the gene expression phenomenon for multiple species.

Regarding claim 3, Hochman does teach simulating and chronologically displaying a change in shape of a cell cause by external stimulation artificially incurred according to a planned experiment (column 5, lines 1-5; column 5, lines 43-52).

Regarding claim 5, Hochman's method applies to multiple species (column 18, lines 14-15) and the data sets may be compared (column 12, lines 12-22).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the references by Hartenstein et al. and Hochman. Hochman states, "Static and

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dynamic changes in the geometrical structure and/or intrinsic optical properties of the biological materials in response to the administration of a physiological challenge or test agent, are indicative and predictive of changes in the physiological state or health of the biological material. (Hochman, column 4, lines 15-21). Thus one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to utilize a method that displays the geometrical structure of cells, such as Hartenstein et al's method, with data from cells treated with a variety of external stimulation by planned experiment, as in Hochman's method, in order to determine the physiological state or health of biological material.

Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hartenstien et al., in view of Balaban (US 6,308,170 B1).

Hartenstein et al. is applied as above.

Although Hartenstein et al. does teach displaying expression data in color (page 57, lines 1-5), Hartenstein et al. does not teach mapping expression data along a time axis.

Balaban does teach displaying expression data along a time axis (column 8, lines 35-57). Balagan also teaches mapping the expression data of two or more experiments (cells) on coordination points along an axis (column 8, 24-34).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Hartenstein et al. with Balaban to gain the advantage of an easy to use query system for a gene expression database (column 2, lines 22-25). Hartenstein et al.'s method includes a gene expression database. Given the

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large amounts of data in Hartenstein et al.'s database, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to create an easier to use query system. Thus one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Balaban and Hartenstein et al.

Comments

In the applicant's remarks, submitted December 17, 2004, applicants argued that there was no motivation to combine the teachings of Hartenstein et al. and references regarding IntelligentBox. However, no rejection was made combining references regarding IntelligentBox and Hartenstein et al. The submitted arguments were not germane to the rejections stated in the previous office action or the instant office action.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerry Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-2561. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-3:00, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel, Ph.D. can be reached on (571) 272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JL

MARIANNE P. ALLEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER
4/1/65

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